WASHINGTON D. C., SATURDAY MORNING SEPTEMBER 11, 1886.

CHARLESTON REVIVING.

EVIDENCES OF PUTTING THINGS IN SHAPE AGAIN.

Avoiding Imposition in the Issuance of Rations-More Than \$5,000,000 Injury to the City-Appeals-Total Subscriptions for Bellef.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Sept. 10 .- Not much is stirring to-day beyond evidence everywhere of putting things in shape again. The board of survey is busily at work, and has recommended that several buildings be pulled down. Most of the massive front of the News and Courier building and its job office must come down, but the building containing the composing room and press room is pronounced absolutely safe.

There is little room for doubt that the injury to the city will exceed the estimate of \$5,000,000, as every day develops damages previously unknown, as in the case of the News and Courier building for example.

News and Courier building for example.

The relief committee has opened a registry for mechanics desisting employment where elizens can communicate with them and make engagements. As the First Presbyterian Church is in ruins and the congregation are unable to rebuild, they appeal to the members of their denomination elewhere for assistance. Rev. W. T. Thompson, D.D., is pastor and will receive remittances.

After 2 o'clock to-day the relief committee had issued 21,000 rations. Canvassers have been appointed for each ward to ascertain who are needy and deliver rations to them so as to avoid imposition.

The total subscriptions to relief fund amount to over \$161,000.

EARTHQUARE HIOCKS AT SEA.

EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS AT SEA. EARTHQUARE SHOCKS AT SEA.

EAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 10.—Capt. W. E.
Plimmer, of the steamer Mary D. Hume,
which arrived in port yesterday, reports
that while sixteen miles northwest of Point
Reves Wednesday nine distinct shocks of
esthquake were felt, the vibrations were
from north of east to south of west. They
were not felt in San Francisco. RILLEF FUNDS.

New Your, Sept. 10.—The Charleston relief committee of the chamber of commerce met to-day. It was reported by Treasurer Brown that up to the present time he had received subscriptions amounting to \$53,123, out of which the mayor of Charleston had been pad a draft of \$20,500, leaving a cash balance of \$12,623. Since yesterday the treasurer had received \$7,123, which included \$500 from Jay Gould, \$1,000 from the Bank of America, \$500 from the United States National Bank, and \$500 from Robert Lenox Kennedy.

The police board has refused to allow policemen to peddle tickets for the Charles-

police near to peddle tickets for the Charles-ton relief fund benefit at Wallack's. The commissioners decided a year ago to never again allow patrolmen to soil tickets for any purpose, and will not now break the

rule.

Baltimore, Sept. 10.—The Charleston relief fund up to to-night has amounted to \$27,000, and is still growing.

Cardinal Gibbons has issued a circular letter to the clergy of the country, ordering the taking up of a collection in all Catholic charches on the 20th inst., for the same cause, and the Sisters of Mercy in this city have signified their willingness to assume charge of twenty-five orphans if necessary.

sume charge of twenty-five orphans if necessary.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 10.—At a meeting of the citizens' relief committee to-day the total subscriptions for the relief of the Charleston sufferers to date was announced to be \$27,332, of which \$8,100 had been sent to Charleston. The chairman was directed to authorize Mayor Courtenay to draw on the treasurer for \$15,000.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—The benefit given at the Park Theater in Brooklyn to-night for Charleston sufferers will net \$1,475.

Cardinal Gibbons' Appeal in Behalf o

the Charleston Sufferers. BALTIMORE, MD., Sept. 10 .- Copies of the following circular-letter have been sent to all pastors of the Catholic Church in the province of Baltimore :

province of Baltimore:

Baltimore: Sept. 10, 1886.—Rev. and Dear Sin: In this hour of her distress the stricken city of Charleston appeals to our practical charity. We cannot better convey to you the sad story of her needs than by quoting the words of a telegram received from Right Rev. Bishop Northrop: "Everything wrecked; churches, convents, schools, residences totally destroyed. Ruin impossible to defences totally destroyed. Ruin impossible to dedences, totally destroyed. Ruin impossible to de-scribe; sisters, priests, orphans camping out. We need all the assistance we can get. It is our bounden duty to come forward promptly to the succor of the victims of this terrible calamity, to assist those whose miseries are so great and whose wants are so pressing. A collection will therefore be taken up on the last Sunday of September, the 28th instant, in all the churches of the archdiocese for the re-lief of the sufferers.

all the churches of the archdiocese for the relief of the sufferers.

Fleuse read this letter on the Sunday following its reception, and on the day of the collection, and exhort the members of your flock
to give willingly and generously. We trust
that each of our faithful children will be
mindful of the injunction of Holy Writ. "If
thou have much, give abundantly. If thou
have little, take care even so to bestow willingly a little." Please send the processis of
the collection to the chancellor of the archdiocese. Very faithfully yours in Christ,

JAMES CARDENAL Ginnoss,

Archbishop of Baltimore.

VIRGINIA LABOR MOVEMENT. The General Assembly of the Knights of Labor Recommend That All the Rep-

resentatives in Congress Be Retired. RICHMOND, VA., Sept. 10 .- The Labo Herold is out to day, one day in advance of Its usual publication day. It announces that the committee of the general assembly of the Knights of Labor, which attended the sessions of the last Congress, and who know who voted on each measure, and also know who dodged voting by purposely absenting themselves when a vote was to be taken that would test their loyalty to labor, recommend that all the Virginia members of the present Congress be retired, except the Hou. John W. Daniel.

The Heraids assay: "Mr. Wise has represented this district in Congress six years. We sak in all candor what has Mr. Wise done for his district in these six years that any laboring man or farmer with ordinary intelligence could not have done? Wherein is he any better qualified intellectually or morally to represent this district in Congress than hundreds of houest men who are to day tolling in our shops and foundries. its usual publication day. It announces

gress than numerous or nonest men who are
to day tolling in our shops and foundries?
It is true he is a lawyer, but as a general
thing lawyers know very little outside of
their law books. They make laws so that
they can pick them to pieces, and they
make laws that they cannot expound. This
is the ruin of the country."

Too Revolting for Publication.

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—Alonzo Blondin, leading luvenile of Itol.ort Euchanan's "Storm Boston" Company, was arrested to-night as accessory Company, was arrested to-night as accessory to an abortion. Dr. Albert E. Palmer was arrested as the principal. Miss Kitty Rober Buchanan's leading lady, is at the Harrison Court Hotel in a critical condition, the result it stalleged, of their orline. The particular of the charges are too revolting for publication Biomolia and Palmer deny their guilt. Miss Kitty Rober is the sister of Saille Rober, whose death about a year ago in New York under peculiar circumstances oreated a great sensation.

PORTLAND, Mg., Sept. 10.—For mouths the Labor Advecate of Lewision has been publish-ing weekly the names of the twenty-three representatives and twenty senators who voted against the ten-hour bill at the last session of the legislature, and has advised workingmen to see that these legislates never have another chance to defeat a much-needed law. Every one of the forly-three happens to be a Republican. Only three of the senators on the list have been remonitated.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 10.—A reception was tendered Postmaster Vilas this evening by the

THE SEIZED SEALERS.

The British Government to Protest and Question the Legality of the Act. No information of an official nature has been received at the State Department touching the reported intention of the British government to protest against the seizure of four English sealing vessels by the revenue cutter Corwin in Alaskan

waters.

At the Treasury Department it is stated that Capt. Abbey, of the Corwin, had acted strictly within the law and his orders in making the seizures.

To meet the point which, as intimated in the Causadisan dispatches, the legality of the seizures will be contested—namely, that the United States has no jurisdiction over Maskan waters for a distance of more than three miles from the nearest land in American territory—the treasury officials point to the treaty of cession of Alaska from Russia. In March, 1981, Acting Secretary French, after an examination of the treaty, need that all of the waters within the boundary, as defined in the treaty, to the western end of the Alastitan archipolago and chain of islands, must be considered as comprised within the waters of Alaska territory, and all penalties prescribed by law against the killing of furbearing animals would therefore attach against any violation of law within those limits.

Notwithstanding this decision it is ex-

mits. Notwithstanding this decision it is ex-Adwinstanting this decision it is ex-pected that the leane will be made as soon as the seized vessels, with their prize crews, reach San Francisco, and it is admitted that a knotty point in international law may be forced upon the government.

Nominated for Congress. LITTLE ROCK, Sept. 10.—Poindexter Dunn was renominated at Jonesboro Ro-day for Con-gress by the Democratic convention of the

gress by the Democratic convention of the first district.

87. Louis, Mo., Sept. 10.—W. J. Stone was renominated for Congress by the Democrats of the twelfin district, yesterlay, RALFIOH, N.C., Sept. 10.—John Nichols has anniounced himself as an independent candidate for Congress in this fourth) district.

UTICA, N.Y., Sept. 10.—Dr. H. S. Hendee has been nominated by the Prohibitionists for Congress from the Oneida-Lawis district.

RICHMOND, VA., Sept. 10.—A convention of representatives of assemblies of the Knights of Labor of this (third congressional district) has been in secret session to high since 8 o'clock and at 12:20 this morning nominated William H. Mullen for Congress. Mr. Mullen's a member of the national executive committee of the Knights of Labor.

Gilder Gone to the North Pole, Winnipeo, Man. Sept. 10.—Col. Gilder and his companion, Griffith, started for the north pole last night. They will take the steamer pole last night. They will take the steamer Princess at Selkirk and proceed to Norway House. From that point they will ascend the Nelson river and proceed to York factory. The outfit which the colonel takes with him weighs at on and a half and consists of hard tack, permican and other food, guns, rilles, revolvers and ammunition, scientific instruents, a hand organ, baubles for the natives, &c. He also takes two sledges sixteen feeting and four feet wide. After leaving York factory Col. Gilder will take as little as possible with him because of the difficulty of carrying it along. He relies for sustenance mainly upon the game to be secured along his route.

The Great Hurricanc in Jamaica.

Baltimore, Sept. 10.—The steamer Keniiworth, Capt. Ackerty, arrived at the port tomight from Kingston and Port Antonio, Jamaica. Capt. Ackerty brings official reports of
the great hurricanc which swept over Jamaica
on Aug. 19. He says that the fruit on the
north and south sides of the Island was destroyed, and that many people
were drowned or killed by falling houses. Several coasting vessels
were lost and a number of churches ruined,
while many residences and other buildings
were razed to the ground. When the Keniiworth left Jamaica the people were dreading
another hurricane which was predicted by
weather experts. Capt. Ackerty reports that
the island of Cuba-occupied her accustomed
place in the Atlantic on last Sunday.

Frightful Accident to a Female Acro-

CHICAGO, Sept. 10.—The Times Crawfordsville (Ind.) special says: Miss Lulu Bates, of Cincinnati, made an ascension in a gas balloon from the fair grounds to-day, and came near from the fair grounds to-day, and came near losing her life. When five miles north and half a mile above the earth she attempted to descend. The grappling hook caught, but ha anchorage was broken by a strong wind, which carried her among some trees, where the balloon was torn. The hooks gave way again, and she shot up 300 feet, when the bal-tion suddenly burst, and the basket descended like lightning. She had the presence of mind to brace herself firmly against the top of the basket, and this sayed her life. She was badly jarred, however.

Sudden Death of a Pricat-

BALTIMORE, Sept. 10.—To-day a man in cleri-cal garb was found lying on the street in an unconscious condition, and was removed to the city hospital, where he died soon after. He shortly before accested a police officer and asked to be directed to the nearest Catholic church. From nepers found on his person he proved to be Rev. Joseph D. Falmer, from England, and was traveling for his health. He had also authority from Cardinal Manning to exercise the functions of a priest of the Catholic church. It is supposed he had just reached Baltimore. Cardinal Gibbons was notified and took charge of the funeral. Father Palmer died of apoplexy.

Mrs. Vic. Morosini-Schilling.

New York, Sept. 10.—Mr. W. E. Conner de-nies that Mrs. Schilling sailed for Europe on the Germanic yesterday. The Miss Simmons, the Germanic yesterday. The Miss Simmons, who was alleged to be Mrs. Schilling in disguise, is a daughter of Mrs. Simmons, a friend of Mr. Conner's family. The bouquet sent to the steamer by Mr. Morosini was for Mrs. Simmons, and Mrs. Morosini got it at Mr. Couner's request. Manager Aronson, of the Casino, says the statement that Mrs. Schilling had sont word that she would sing to-night is incorrect. He expects her, not because he has heard from her, but because her vacation has expired.

Mormon Immigrants Sent Back. comigration commissioners to-day a letter was read from Lawyer Leonard in regard to the Mormon elders tendering bonds of indemnity of well-known and thoroughly responsible men for the Mormon immigrants still detained at Ward's Island. The offer was declined. It was decided to send the five Mormons back to Europe.

Special Envoy Sedgwick's Whereabouts St. Louis, Sept. 10.—A special to the Post-Lispatch from El Paso says: Special Euroy Sedgwick arrived at Paso del Norte this morning, and after breakfasting with Consul Brig-ham began the investigation of the local records in the Cutting case.

The Steamer Empire State Safe. Sandy Hook, N. J., Sept. 10.—The steamboat Empire State was assisted off during the night and was towed to New York, her fires having been drawn in order to prevent an accident by fire.

POLITICAL POINTS.

Mr. Wolfe, Prohibition candidate for gav-

Col. Wm. C. Beecher, son of Henry Ward Beecher, has accepted the nomination for dis-trict attorney of Kings county on the Prohibi-tion fields. The Maine Democratic state committee hav

his duty from now until the polis close on Mon-day next."

The Newada Democratic state convention yesterday adopted a platform indorsing the rights of the laboring men and Indorsing the rights of the laboring men and President Cleveland's administration, except on the aliver question; opposing Citinese Immigration, and invoring the reopening of the Carson mint. J. M. Adams was renominated for governor and I. J. Itell for litutenant governor. J. T. Brady was nominated for secretary of state, Jeremian Schooling for treasurer, and C. B. Belknap for judge of the supreme court.

The Knights of Labor and members of the Central Labor Union and other labor organizations of St. Louis have combined under the amen of the United Labor party, and will hold a convention of delegates from the various assemblies and unions on Get. For the parpose of nominating a fail city congressional, and legislative ticket. The central committee has recently been in conference with the Greenlack committee, and an alliance with them will probably be formed. Prominent Knights of Labor asy that the new party will have the balance of power in the coming election, and if they cannot elect their own candidates they can elect those of either opposing party as they wish.

SPORTS OF THE SEASON.

THE NATIONALS LOSE THEIR FIRST GAME AT HOME BY FUMBLING.

Accident to Bicycle Tourists-Challenge to Fight-The Scullers Beach, Ross, Turner, and Gaudaur-Horse Races-Other Sporting Items.

Notwithstanding the numerous defeats uffered by the Nationals on their late western trip, fully 2,000 spectators assem-bled yesterday at Capitol Park to witness the game between the Statesmen and the Philadelphias, and although the local team was, as usual, beaten, still the contest was interesting throughout, and several brilliant plays were made by both nines.

The game started with the visitors at the bat. Andrews, the first striker, reached first on Knowlea's fumble; Mulvey followed bat. Andrews, the first striker, reached first on Knowles's fumble; Mulvey followed with a base hit, and both men scored on a muffed thrown ball by Knowles, a wild pitch, and two sacrifice hits. In the fourth inning the "Phillics" added an earned run to their total on hits by Ferguson, Dally, and Irwin. In this inning the home club gained their only run by Paul Hines hitting for two bases, going to third on Irwin's error, and crossing the home plate on Farrell's sacrifice hit to Andrews. The "Phillics," however, were not content with the score standing 3 to 1, for in the seventh inning Daily hit a sharp grounder into left field, near the foul line, which became lost in the grass, and he made a circuit of the bases on what ordinarily would have been a two-base hit. This ended the rungeting, as thereafter noither side succeeded in getting a man round the diamond.

Two of the National's new men made their appearance in the game yesterday and created a very favorable impression as to their merits as ball players. Kreig covered first base in capital style, and while he did not hit the ball safely, still he showed his ability in that direction was of no mean order. Shock had nothing to do in his position in right field, but he distinguished binself by making one of the four base hits credited to the home club. Carroll and Ilines deserve special mention for fine running catches of apparently safe hits, while Daily, for the visitors, did great work in the right field, capturing four fly balls, besides leading his side at the bat.

Mr. Pearce umpired a very fair and impartial game, and deserves special praise from the fact that he commands the respect of the players, and allows no impudence or trifling on the ball field. The full and detailed score follows:

NATIONAL B.B.H.POA.E.PitLato A. R.HIP.POA.E. Hines, cf. 1 1 2 0 0 Ambs. cf. 1 0 3 0 0 Carroll, the 1 2 0 Carroll, the 1 2 1 0 Carroll and 1 2 1 0

Total...... 1 4 27 19 3 Total..... 4 7 27 10 1

and Clements.

Score:

Kansas City 0 1 0 0 0 3 1 0 1 - 6

St. Louis 3 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 - 5

Base hits—Kansas City, 11: St. Louis, 9. Errors—Kansas City, 9: St. Louis, 9.

At Baltimore—Baltimore, 6: Louisville, 1.

At Philadelphia—Pittsburg, 4: Athletic, 3.

At New York—St. Louis, 9: Metropoiltan, 5.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 8: Cincinnati, 4. AMATEUR BASE BALL.

or Government Printing Office will c with the Columbias, from the East l lympic Park, Georgetown, this aftern at 01mpip fark, Georgetown, this afternoon at 4:30 sharp.

The game yesterday between the Mount Ver-nous and the Washington Browns resulted is a score of 17 to 9 in favor of the latter. BRIGHTON BEACH BACES.

a score of 17 to 9 in favor of the latter.

REGHTON REACH RACES.

New York, Sept. 10.—First race at Brighton Beach—Three-quarters of a mile. Annie Martin won by two lengths, Bellringer second, Nonsense third. Time, 1:17%. Certificates paid £7.25 straight, and \$58.50 on Bellringer. Second race—Three-quarters of a mile. Resulted in a dead heat between Minnlo St. John and King Bob, Unique third. Time, 1:18. The run off was won by King Bob. Certificates paid £91.80 straight.

Third race—Seven-eighths of a mile. Belle B won by three lengths. Pilot second, Banero third. Time 1:31%. Certificates paid £75.50. Enough race—Seven-eighths of a mile. Baroum won by two lengths, Treasurer second, Mentor third. Time, 1:45.

Firth race—Seven-eighths of a mile. Baroum won by two lengths, Treasurer second. Ferg Kyle third. Time, 1:30.

Bixth race—Steplechase, full course. Harry Mann won, Embargo second. Time, 5:10, BROOKLYN JOKKEY GLUR RACES.

New YORK, Sept. 10.—First race—For all

Main won, simolarys second. Time, 3.1%.

BROOKLYN JOCKEY GLUB RACES.

New YORK, Sept. 10.—First race—For all ages, five furiouss. Princess won by a nock, Mute second, Mona third. Time, 1992.

Second race—One and one-eighth miles. Tornado wen by three-quarters of a length, Ada D second, Catheart third. Time, 1.1%.

Third race—For 1-year-lids, three-quarters of mile. Ittilian won by two lengths, Fencion second, Maggie Mitchell third. Time, 1.1%. Fourth race—One and one-eighth miles. O Fallon won by four lengths, Lucy H second, Saxony third. Time, 1.8%.

Fifth race—One mile. Swift won by ten lengths, Three Cheers second, Ferons third. Time, 1.5%.

Sixth race—Seven-eighths of a mile. Bonnie Stath race—Seven-eighths of a mile. Bonnie

ENGLIS AND WEIGHTS,
Following are the entries and weights for tolay's races at Sheepehead Bay, as furnished
y Jones & Ca, Harris House;
First race—One mile—Alf Estill, 194 pounds
Augustine, 194; Gleaner, 191; Estrella, 199;
Jarsfoot, 113; Strathspey, 115; Gardey, 94;
Sollan, 94.

Harsfoot, 115; Strathspey, 115; Gardey, 91; Eollan, 94.

Second ruce—One and a quarter miles—Elkwood, 1:2 pounds: Ban Fox, 118; Guesm, 114; McCarthy's Last, 110; Peekskill, 193; Solid Silver, 162; Ed Corrigan, 163; Linden, 163; Brawn Juke, 105; Electre, 160; Bine Wing, 197; The Bourbon, 160; King of Norfolk, 160; Housatonic, 95; Saxony, 97; Poulice, 97; Buffalo, 95; Fiorence Fonso, 96; Listell, 90.

Third ruce—Saven eighths of a mile—Ral d'Or, 160 pounds; Liszle Kreppe, 197; Elkwood, 190; Sanis Ritte, 67; Kingston, 115; King Fox, 119; Hessle June, 197.

Fourth ruce—One and five-cicintis miles—Baraum, 120 pounds; Rupert, 116; Exile, 115; Ten Booker, 97; King E. Sr; Coomes, 87.

Fifth race—One mile—Little Minch, 112; pounds; Burch, 169; Switt, 109; Markland, 112; Budurer, 103; Rupert, 199.

Sixth race—Seven eighths of a mile—Primouna, 36; Mossler, 97; Roslere, 108.

BACES AT WHERLING,

WHEELING, W. VA., Sept. 10.—The attendance at the state fair raious to-day was mearly 10,000. The 234 trot was won by Maud A ; best time, 230%. The running race, half mite heats, was, at the conclusion of the third beat, declared off, together with all bets, on account of the shocking jocksying included in between Mollie Thomas and John Alexander, the favor less. The free-for-all pace was taken by Kinsman in three straight heats; best time, 2:23.

EXALTRA CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROPERTY.

man in three straight heats; best time, 7:23.

BRACH—ROSS—TREMEN—GAUDAUR.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—Beach and Ross, the oars—
men. have derosited £250 each for a raco.
Tecturer has challenged Gaudaur to row a raco on the champlonship course for £200 a side.

A CHALLINGE TO FEGUT,
CINCINNATI, OHIO, Sept. 10.—C. W. Hender—
con, of Louisville. Ky., Mass sent O beary, the feather-weight pugitist of this city, a challenge

to fight Temmy Warren for a pu se of \$70 or \$1,000, and has put up a forfeit of \$100 with one like Forst of that place. O'Leary says that his will fight Warren provided the money is posted with the Cincinnal Kasarber. A fight between O'Leary and Tommy Danforth is being arranged and will likely coine off near this city at an early day.

HAMPDER PARE RACES.

SPRINGPIELD, MASS. Sept. 10.—Hampden Park race summary for to day: Special paoint race, won by Gossip, jr.; best time, 213, The 217 class was won by Arabi best time, 213, The LDS Class race was woundy Viking best time, 2135, The LDS Class race was woundy Viking best time, 22334.

Miss Myrile Peek raced her running pair,
Miss Myrile Peek raced her running pair,
Hard Lauk and Bigaroon, against Mms. Meranitetle's Evergreen and Maj. Hanks for a purse
of \$1.000 and won two straight heats in 1.54
and 1.5415.

ACCIDENT TO BIGYCLE TOURISTS.

ACCIDENT TO BICYCLE TOURISTS.

ITHACA, N. Y., Sept. 10.—About twenty members of the Leaghe of American Whoelmen, who started from Ruffalo on the 6th last. for Harper's Ferry on their annual tour, arrived here at 7 o'clock to-light. In descending the skep hill leading to the village two of the party, Mesers, Warner and Dakin, book headers. Warner received a ghastly cut under the chin and was severely jarred. Dakin struck on the right side of his forehead, sustaining concusion of the brain and possible frasures of the skull. Dakin now lies in an unconscious and critical condition. The remain fer of the party, with the exception of one or two who will stay here to care for the injured, will leave for New York to night.

The Washington Cance Club will give the second of the sailing races this afternoon at 4.30 o'clock. There will be seven cancel end. The race will be to and around bury No. 7 from the boat house, a distance of one and a half miles each way.

The eighth summal regains of the Union Boat Cinb, on the Marken river, will take place today. In the event of melement weather, the regains will take place to flow in the later of the Plate Printers' Enwing Club has decided.

regatta will take place on the following fatur-lay.

The Plate Printers' Howing Club has decided to enter Charles Raker in the junior single race in the simual Potomae river regatta, go the Sith Instant. The regatta committee will pass upon this entry at its meeting next Tuesday, when the entry of Mr. Baker will doubtless to accepted, the question as to the standing of the Plate Printers' Club having been suitsbac-terily stitled. Thorough harmony between the rowing clubs of the District is now a grati-tying fact.

THE INFANTRY VETERANS.

Arrangements for Celebrating Their

Semi-Centennial Completed. On Sept. 19, 1836, the Washington Light Infantry became a military organization and preserved its identity until 1861, when its members enrolled themselves into the service of the United States. To-morrow being the 50th anniversary of the birth of the organization, the celebration of the event will in consequence take place on Monday afternoon. For some time past the present organization has been taking active steps, and the committee appointed to arrange for a due observance of the day recommended that the old-time custom of observing the occasion be adopted—namely, by a parade through the streets with the full strength of the command, its honorary and veteran members. With this in view the following general orders were issued last night:

Headquarters Washington Lentr Invannfantry became a military organization

general orders were issued last night:

Headquarters Washington Lisher Invantany Cours, Washington, D. C., Sopt. 10, 1886.—

As the fiftleth anniversary of the Washington Light Infantry Corps fails on Sunday, the 12th instant, the occasion will be celebrated by the corps and the veterans on Monday afternoon next, when the several companies will assemble at the armory at 520 o'clock, in full dress uniform, for parade with the veterans. The interesting event should be honored with full ranks, and, as recent parades have not shown a fair proportion of the active membership, company commanders should require a full ranks and as recent parades have not shown a fair proportion of the active membership, company commanders should require a full and prompt attendance, and report for the action of the corps habitual delinquaris. By order of

Licut. Col. Commanding.

WM. H. Harrison, First Licut, and Adjt.

The route of parade will be from the

Ww. H. Harrison, First Lieut, and Adjt.

The route of parade will be from the armory down Pennsylvania avenue to Third street; countermarch thence to Ninth street, to Mount Vernon Place, passing the resi dence of Col. Lem. Towers, thence to Eighth, to L. to Tenth, to K, to Fitteenth, down to the armory. The United States 3d artillery band will head the parade.

At 8 o'clock last night a meeting of the former members of the Infantry was held at the armory. There were present Capt. Francis A. Tucker and John H. Thompson, the only surviving members of those joining the command in 1836. Besides these were James T. Bolseau, who joined in 1838; Sergt, Frants Beers, 1841; Ignatius Mudd, 1846; Lieut, M. P. Fisher, 1846; Isaac Beers, 1850; Sergt, James Coleman, 1850; Sergt, James M. Padgett, 1852; Wm. E. Daut, 1852; John Sanderson, 1885; Charles P. P. Wroe, 1858; Sergt, W. E. Morgan, 1859; Philip M. O'Bryon, 1850; Sergeant Major George T. Basset, 1850; E. W. Davis, 1851; R. A. Whitehand, 1861; George Kahl, 1861; Wm. N. Dalton, 1890, and Alfred D. Cannon, 1888. On motion Capt, James T. Bolseau was selected as chairman, and Sergt, W. E. Morgan as secretary. It was resolved to meet at the armory Monday evening at W. E. Morgan as secretary. It was resolved to meet at the armory Monday evening at 5 o'clock sharp and turn out with the com-mand. It was also resolved that everyone who had been a member of the corps should be invited to take part. The veterans will who had been a member of the corps should be invited to take purt. The veterans will have out with them their old color-bearer of 1837, Wm. E. Moroes, and the old drum corps, composed of Wm. Brown (after), 1840; Drum Major Thomas Mackey, 1840, and Robert Jordan, 1840, drummer. The old time quicksteps will be played. The old battailon flag was found to be in good condition and the color-bearer will again haudle it for the first time in twenty-live years. The following officers were elected to have charge of the veterans on Monday: Col. Lem. Towers and Lieuts. Fisher and Coleman. Dark clothes, d ark hats, white gloves, badges, and canes were adopted as the uniform dress for the parale. It is likely that a banquet, participated in by the veterans, may be enjoyed after the parale, provided that a suitable number unite in the project. All members so inclined would do well to send their names immediately of Secretary W. E. Morray, 1965, but send the project. All members so inclined would do well to send their names immediately to Secretary W. E. Morgan, 906 D street northwest. The meeting also ordered that carriages be provided for such old members as were unable to march. A pleasant feature of the meeting was the reunion of many members who had not seen one another for twenty years.

GRANGE CAMP ASSOCIATION.

The Grand Tournament and Ball Bring Out a Large Attendance. About two thousand visitors paid admit tance to the Grange fair camp grounds yes-terday, the attraction being the grand tournament and ball. Among the new exhibit

terday, the attraction being the grant tournament and ball. Among the new exhibitors were noticed Sharpless Bros., of Philadelphia, dry goods, and the Baltimore
branch of the Keeley Stove Company, rapresented by Mr. W. R. Blackford: R. E.
Crown's stove polish, and Wm. Hahn & Co.'s
shoe house, Washington, D. C.

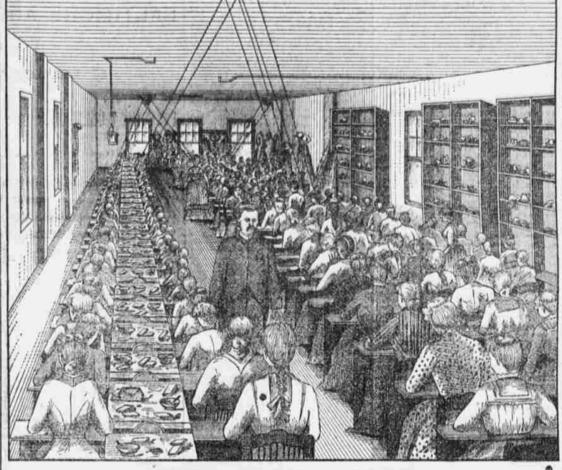
The ladies' bandiwork department was
opened for the first time yeaterday, the chief
attractions of which were a crazy must by
Mrs. Joseph F. Glover; tollet sst, by Mrs.
E. C. Schaarmann; crazy quilt, by Mrs.
Addison; wax flowers, by Col. Aldrich's
daughter, of Spottsylvania county; also a
horse's head painted from life, one fruit
piece, painted from fruit grown on N. O.
Bond's farm, Fairfax Court House, Va.; one
duck, painted from ducks on Keystone
farm; three fans, made from chickens'
feathers by Miss L. H. M. Palmer; one sufa
pillow, by Miss V. S. Palmer, of Keystone
farm, Fairfax county, Va.

The tournament contest in the afternoon
was not decided, the tilling of the day boding
won by Sir Knight James Shurrue, of
horserstayn, D. C. J. Stewart, of Wash.

on by Sir Knight James Shugr corgetown, D. C., J. Stewart, of ogton, being a close second. The deciding it will come off next Wednesday. The ret and second prizes consist of a salide

first and second prizes consist of a saidle and bridle.

Addresses were made by Col. Randolph Harrison, of Cumberland, commissioner of agriculture of Virginia; Col. Robert Beverley, of Fatquier, president maton d agriculture congress; Hon. H. L. D. Lewis, of Clarke, chairman Farmora' Assembly of Virginia; Maj. William King, of Missouri, on the subject of farming; Hon. Mortimer Whitehead, of New Jersey, and Dr. Jamos M. Blanton, of Virginia, The ball in the evening was a fitting close to the events of the day. To-day 170f. J. R. Waiters will give free exhibitions of his remarkable feats in heavy-weight lifting. To-day is children's and temperance day, and many well-known and prominent goatlemen will be greent to address the grange, and a large crowd is expected.



STONE'S HOLDER FACTORY.

A WASHINGTON ENTERPRISE.

A Million Cigarette Holders Manufactured Every Day on Ninth Street-Over 200 Girls Employed.

Mr. Maryin C. Stone, a Washington inventor, began manufacturing paper cigar holders in a small way between two and business has steadily increased until it has seached its present astonishing proportions, being many times larger than any other nanufacturing concern in Washington.

The reporter has known the manufacturer for some time, and has for more than a year been trying to induce Mr. Stone to permit him to write up the business as a matter of general interest to the Washing-ton public. Mr. Stone has steadily refused, however, on the ground that he did not need any advertising and did not care for the display.

writer, who was iying in wait, nabbed Mr. Stone as he was about entering his place of business at No. 483 Ninth street, and the

business at No. 463 Ninth street, and the following conversation took place:

Reporter. "Mr. Stone, don't you think it is about time for you to show up?"

Mr. Stone paused a moment and then said: "Very well; come in and I will show you around." Having passed with safety the formidable matron at the gate, the pair ascended to Mr. Stone's office, when the latter said:

"The people about here seem to think, because I do not admit visitors, that there must be some mystery about my business. So I have about concluded to give a plain statement of the facts, if you think it is worth printing. But come, let us go in."

On opening the door into the "making room," the whirr of spindles, the click of treadles, and the sight of one hundred and sixty girls at work, each scated at her own machine, was something worth seeing. The scribe had not supposed there was so large a room in any private building in the city. It is considerably over one hundred feet. scribe had not supposed there was so large a room in any private building in the city, it is considerably over one hundred feet long and about thirty in width, with excel-lent light and air, there being many win-dows on all four sides, and so high from the ground as to catch every breeze. "Would not this be a dangerous place in case of fire?"

"Would not this be a dangerous place in case of fire?"
For answer Mr. Stone seized the reporter's arm and conducted him to the side windows, which are just above the roofs of the adjoining buildings, and said: "Now, can you imagine any better fire escapes. I think they are the best in the city, for the girls can go for hundreds of feet over the flat roofs with numerous means of descent."

girls can go for hundreds of feet over the flat roofs with numerous means of descent,"

"Is there no danger of the girls getting their hair or dresses caught in the machinery?" of the least. I have two hundred and forty feet of steel shafting that is only waist high, but every inch of it is boxed, and it is absolutely safe."

The reporter then asked about the safety of the building, and was told that fire inspectors and judiding inspectors had been there, and reported everything right, the building being a good, strong one, and capable of sustaining a much greater weight without any danger.

The reporter's fears having been so quickly dispelled, his attention was next directed to the character of the work and the workers. There were 154 machines for making paper eigarette holders, at each of which was seated a girl at work. Each machine is actuated by steam power, but can be started and stopped instantly by a slight pedal motion, which places it entirely under the control of the operative to be worked fast or slow, just as she feels disposed. The blanks of fine, white, unruled writing paper, cut into the desired form, are given to the operatives to packs of 1,000, confined by an elastic band. The girl rapidly "shuffles" and pastes the 1,000 blanks with the white starch, which operation requires from one to two minutes. She then selzes about 100 of these blanks in her sin rapidly "anumes" and pastes the 1,000 blanks with fine white starch, which operation requires from one to two minutes. She then seless about 100 of these blanks in her right hand, and, by a slight movement of the index finger, feeds them, one at a time, to the spindle, when the blank leaps into a holder so quickly that the sight cannot detect it. It is then, by a slight motion, removed from the spindle with the left hand. The operator does not take the time to drop the biolders one at a time, but waits until the left hand is full, and then drops the whole hamful of little white holders into a spout which leads to a box beneath the shaft. The time required to make up a hundred holders in this way varies considerably—seme of the girls running as high as 100 holders to the minute, or more than one a second.

high as 100 holders to the minute, or more than one a second.

We were noticing a girl who seemed to be a rapid worker, when the scribe asked:

"How many holders can she make in a day working like that?"

"Working like that #3,000; but none of them work like that #ail day. It would be too thresome. The highest number this girl has made in a day is 80,000, but she is an extra fast hand. Some are naturally slow, and it requires a long time for some of them to learn."

of them to learn."
"How long does it take a girl generally to become a fast maker?"
"Oh, it varies. Some pick it up in a few weeks, and with others it requires months. I don't know when they will stop improving. Some girls who have been with me over two years are still making improvement." By this time one of the girls had started an old song, and the most of the others had joined in until things began to sound like a camp meeting, and the reporter remarked: "The girls seem to be harny."

The girls seem to be happy."
"Yes, they sing a great deal."
"What are your hours?"

"We don't have any hours. It is all plece But how many hours do you stay ?"

"But how many hours do you stay?"
"I give them steam powerfor eight hours
and they can put in full time if they like."
"How much can they earn?"
"Some of the best workers can make a
dollar a day with ease and a few can run it
up to \$2 a day when they make up their
minds to do it. They earn all kinds of
amounts."

"I suppose the beginners can't make
much?"
"I had one beginner who carned a \$1.

"I had one beginner who earned a \$1 a day during the first week, but that was exday during the first week, but that was exceptional, and was in a great measure due
to the rate. I give three prices along at the
first then two prices, and then a price and a
half, in order to help them out while they are
learning. After that they come down to
the regular rate and it is at this rate that
the highest amounts are made."

"I suppose your pay roll can be no small
sum?"

"I am paying in wages in the neighborhood of \$1,000 every week, but that includes all the bands on the third floor, whom you have not you seen." have not yet seen."
"How many holders do you make in a

"How many holders do you make in a day?"
"I am making about 1,000,000 a day now, but I shall have to increase it to 2,000,000 a day after a while."
"Now," said the reporter, "just tell me where in the world you find a market for so many eigarette holders."
"I sm under contract to furnish these holders to one firm exclusively."
"And what firm is that?"
"It is W. Duke Sons & Co., of Durham, N. C., and they give them all away with their new eigarette, 'the Cameo,' which is gotten up expressly for their holders. They give a holder with each eigarette."

"Now, will you give me a statement of how you happened to begin this business?"
"Well, I made up my mind that all smokers should have holders, so that the smoking could be done with neatness and economy. That is to say, when you buy a cigar or a cigarette, use a holder and smoke and without statuing the fingers and lips

it all up without wasting half the tobacco and without stations the fingers and lips yellow. Any holder in the world gets strong with the first smoke and smells like an old pipe, so the only proper holder is one which can be thrown away with the stump, and I set myself about getting up one of that sort. My first holders were o one of that sort. My first holders were of a more expensive style and were made for eigars. They sold at retail for I cent each, but that was too high for the purpose. Still, I sold about five hundred gross in Washington, about the same quantity in Baltimore, a thousand gross in Harrisburg, and then I went to New York and sold two or three million there, running my little factory in Washington upon them all the time. But about a year and a half ago I had made up my mind that if I would make a big business of it I must make them so cheaply ness of it I must make them so cheaply that manufacturers could easily afford to give them away, and that not by trying to make one holder do for several smokes, but by giving one holder with each smoke. firmly believed that the firm that had the by giving one holder with each smoke. I firmly believed that the firm that had the nerve to undertake that scheme would make a big thing of it. I got up my article and the machine to make it, armed myself with samples, and went to New York to find a firm with nerve and good sense enough to undertake it. After spending some time and making a careful search, I concluded that Mr. J. B. Duke, the president of the Durham Company, should have the first chance if he wanted it. He did not decide about it for about ten days, and then concluded to undertake it provided the investigation he would make about patents, &c., should prove satisfactory. Well, the contracts were drawn and he was given exclusive control of the holder, which I was to make for him under my patents, at a fixed price. Well, to sum it all up, I think there has never been such

"That proves that consumers like hold-

"That is not all. Very much is due to the man who manufactures the eigarettes, who believes that the fluest article at the lowest price is the only basis of real success. I don't believe there can be found, in any line, a more reliable, sagacious, and successful business man than James B. Duke. Whatever he touches succeeds, and he has the rare power of binding every one to himself with whom he deals."

with whom he deals."
"What is the secret of it?"
"Oh, I don't know. He has the grace or good indgment to be perfectly square. You feel that he is a sure winner and you know you can trust him." "Have you any partners in your busi-

ness*!!

"Not at all; I conduct my own business in my own capital."

"You have patents*!!

"Yes; everything about my business is covered by my patents, which insure the full-sat protection! t protection."
"Why did you limit yourself to one firm?"

"Hecause it was best. You see, it required a lsg firm with big capital to make a trade that should have a solid basis, and the expense would be so great that no firm would indertake it without the exclusive · Have you other articles of manufac-Yes, indeed. I shall probably run twice "Yes, indeed. I shall probably run twice as large a force a year house."
"Well," said the reporter, "this place seems as pleasant as a picnic. But how do you get so many girls?"
"Oh, they come from the stores and all around. A good many girls don't like to work in stores because it is so public. Be-

sides, they can make more money here and have an easier time generally. Some of them have been very well bred and educated. If you would like to hear a young lady quote Virgil, there is more than one on this floor that can do it. Quite a number are graduates of the high school, and prefer this to teaching."

"How can you manage so many girls with so little trouble?"

"It is very simple, and I'll tell you. I have forewomen who are perfect ladies and who are allowed full control, even to a peremptory dismissal. You will not find anywhere a factory that is more rigid in requiring good character on the part of those employed. But come, you have only seen one-half the place."

Mr. Stone then led the way to the third floor, to where the stickers and pickers and sides, they can make more money here an

seen one-half the place."

Mr. Stone then led the way to the third floor, to where the stickers and pickers and passers and dumpers and scorers and inspectors were at work putting the holders through the paraffine process. Here is where the goods are inspected, processed, boxed, and shipped and all the accounts are kept, showing exactly how many holders each machine hand has made each day. About sixty persons were employed here, all girls, exactly like those who work the machines. This part of the work seemed fully as interesting as that above, but Mr. Stone explained that his time was limited, and that we should have to lump this part of it. As the reporter was about to go he expressed the hope that when he should do himself the honor to call again Mr. Stone would have concluded he could afford a business sign, so that the place might be found. "That reminds me," said the latter, "to say that I hope you will put somewhere in your written account a statement that no visitors are admitted, as it distracts the attention of the employes, but you come around when I get into my new building, and I'll show you something else worth telling."

GERONIMO'S POSSIBLE PATE.

Likely To Be Tried, as the Modocs Were, by a Military Commission. Gen. Drum, Acting Secretary of War, has given instructions that Geronimo, Natchez, and the other hostiles who surrendered with them be stopped at San Antonio and kent imprisoned there until a determination reached as to what course of procedure can be undertaken against them. It is officislly known that the surrender was not made without conditions, but what the casily known that the surrender was not made without conditions, but what the conditions were beyond the agreement that they should not be surrendered for trial in Arizona has not yet been reported. It was in compliance with this condition that Gen. Miles started with the hostiles for Florida. The determination of a course of procedure will probably be made by the President, but not until the terms of the surrender and all the attendant circumstances shall be officially known. With the present knowledge it seems probable that the offenders can usither be tried by a military court-martial nor by the civil authorities, but that they may be tried, as the Modocs were, by a military commission. This is a tribunal for the institution of which there are many well recognized precedents in our own history, though it is one which has as yet no recognition in statutory law. The atrocities of these prisoners, terrible as they were, are not thought to be such as would bring them within the jurisdiction of a court-martial, which is very limited, nor would the civil courts, in the absence of witnesses, meet the requirements of the case, although the guilt is notorious.

Under the circumstances a military commission, which seems to be intermediate between a court-martial and the tribunal of Judge Lynch, and which is recognized by the leading publiciats as a necessity under

mission, when seems to be intermediate between a court-martial and the tribunal of Judge Lynch, and which is recognized by the leading publicists as a necessity under certain circumstances, is perhaps the only court by which justice could be meted out these murderers. It would, of course, be composed of military officers, and its proceedings would be similar in character to those of a court-martial. Little doubt is entertained by those who know the character of the Apaches that there will be found among them a number who will readily betray Geronimo and the other leaders to save their own necks.

San Francisco, Sept. 10.—Official dispatches received at Presidio from Arizons, say the War Department has disapproved of the action of Gen. Miles in removing the captured Indians to Florida, and has dispected Gen. Stanley to take charge of tieronimo and the other hostiles on their arrival at San Antonio, and hold them there as prisoners.

Swelling the Fond.

Subscriptions for the Charleston sufferers have seen started in London. Employes of the bindary department, nov Employes of the bindery department, government printing office, have subscribes 1215 in addition to the amount stready subscribed. The following additional contributions were received at the office of the chief clore of the treasury resterolar; internal revenue office, \$1.50 government actuary, \$1.50; watch force, \$1.50 government actuary, \$1.50. Contributions received at the District buildings resterolar, Wim. Forzyth, \$10; Daniel B. Clark \$25. Massrs, W. H. Beatl, W. E. Cox, J. Arthur Keinp, and O. T. Thompson have been appointed to receive the receims at the concept to be given at Abner's on the 15th instant, for the benefit of the Charleson sufferers.

The Weather.

For District of Columbia and Virginia-Fair weather, no decided change in tempera-ture, southwestern winds, shifting to westerly 78.5°; 10 p. m., 78.1°; 11 p. m., 78.2°; temperature, 77.6°; maximum, 87.2°; mum, 69.4°; mean relative humidity, total precipitation, .00 inches.

LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

PRINCE ALEXANDER FINDS REST WITH HIS FATHER IN GERMANY.

Seven Hundred Christians Massacred. Parnell's Land Bill - Sir Edward Thornton-Cuba is Still There-Accident to an Ocean Steamer.

DARMSTADT, Sept. 10 .- Prince Alexander has arrived here. He was received by the secretary of the English legation and the burgomaster, and at once proceeded to Jugenham, his father's residence.

Bennin, Sept. 10.—The Tighlatt says

he Austrian government has sent a diolo natic note to St. Petersburg remonstrating against the sending of any Russian official Bulgaria. It is reported that Prince Henry of Batenberg; who is on his way to Darmstall,

bring, with him a letter from Queen Visoria, inviting Prince Alexander to visit Balmoral. Soria, Sept. 10.—The opposition in the solvenje intend to protest against the regency on the ground that it was filegally appointed. Hussia has offered to guarantee a Bul-

parian loan of 10,000,000 roubles.
The military authorities have ordered the release of all who were arrested for taking

LOSIGN, Sept. 11.—Press censorship to rigidly enforced at St. Petersburg. Incom-ing and outgoing telegrams are morellessly sifted and mutilated.

THE STRATEGIC BAILWAY. LONDON, Sept. 10.—Str J. E. Gorst, under secretary for India, announced in the house of commons this afternoon that the strategie railway through flolan Pass was completed to Quettah, and that surveys have been made for its continuation toward Usudahar. He also stated that another strategie railway by the Harnia route was in process of construction.

Lord Randolph Churchill amounced that the government was preparing to colify the

the government was preparing to codify the

Loxion, Sept. 10.—Daily, one of the 1894 dynamiters, is dying in prison. The Smith O'Brien branch of the National League, to which Daily belonged, has adopted a reso-lution expressing indignation at the gov-ernment for refusing to allow his relatives to visit bim. to visit him.

FARNELL'S LAND BILL.

Sent. 10c-Sir Michael

PARNELL'S LAND BILL.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—Sir Michael HicksBeach, chief secretary for Ireland, in the
house of commons, proposed to add Justice
Day, of the court of queen's bench, to the
Belfast commission as chairman.

Mr. Sexton, on behalf of the Parnellites,
asked to be allowed until Monday to consider the proposal. Mr. Parnell's land bill was read the first lmc. The second reading was fixed for

Mr. Parnell's land bill was read the first time. The second reading was fixed for The slay.

1 ONDON, Sept. 11.—The Standard hears that a report is being prepared showing that the patronage which would have been handed over to Parnell and his friends, if the home rule bill had passed, would have been worth £120,000 yearly.

SEVEN PRISONS KILLED.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—By an explosion in a colliery near Bristol to-day seven persons were killed and ten injured.

SIR EDWARD THORNYON.

CONSTANTINGUE. Sept. 10.—It is offi-

SIR EDWARD THORNTON.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 10.—It is officially denied here that the porte refused to receive Sir William A. White as acting British ambassador in the absence of Sir Edward Thornton.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—Sir Edward Thornton, British ambassador to Turkey, has started for Constantinople.

SEVEN BUNDRED CHRISTIANS MASSACRED. PARIS, BUSINEED CHRISTIANS MASSACRED.

PARIS, Sept. 10.—The Universe publishes a telegram from the bishop of Tonquiu, saying that 700 Christians have been massacred and forty villages burned in the province of Manhoa, and that 9,000 Christians are perishing of hunger.

ACCIDENT TO AN OFEAN STEAMER.

London, Sept. 10.—The accident to the Hamburg-American steamer Lessing oc-curred in latitude 54° north, longitude 11° curred in latitude 54° north, longitude 11°
west. A strong gale was blowing and there
was a tremendous head sea. The weather
being so bad the passengers were greatly
alarmed when the accident happened. Sails
were set and the vessel ran before the gale
into Queenstown. The White Star line
steamer Republic, which leaves Queenstown to day for New York, will take the
Lessing's mails. The passengers will remain on the Lessing and proceed to New York with her after a new propeller has rived from either Liverpool or Glasgow. ABRESTED FOR SKETCHING FRENCH FORTS-Parits, Sept. 10.—Two Italian officers have been placed under arrest in Savoy charged with making sketches of French forts.

CUBA IS STILL THERS.
HAVANA, Sept. 10.—All danger of further damage from the inundation at Ceibadelgua is considered past.

THE MYSTERIOUS MURDER. Virginia Authorities Will Demand Bis-

coe for Trial in that State. A letter was received at police headquar-ters yesterday from Sheriff Mackey, of Cecil county, Md., in which the writer says that before Aug. 24 last, Stansbury Bradshaw colored, is not the murderer, as he has been colored, is not the muruerer, as he has been in jall at Elkton, Md., since that date for robbing Capt. Volmes. Bradshaw does not answer the description of the man wanted. Purser Garnett, of the steamer Arrowanth, stated last night that when the boat was at Colonial Beach yesterday morning a young friend of his living in King George county, Va., came on board and told him that Stanfield Bradford or Bradshaw, a brother of James T., was arrested by the citizens of King George county Thursday afternoon, two hours after his arrival home, on suspicion of being the murderer of Capt. Dixon. Stanfield is alleged to be the man wanted. He answers the description, and his sudden reappearance home after a long absence points him out as the man. It is now actived that the murder was committed on the Virginta slde of the Potomac river, and it is likely that a requisition for Biscoc will be shortly asked for. At Leonardtown the opinion still provails that liscoe had no accomplices. His stories have been contradicted, and he has been cunning enough to invent one whereby he can escape with his neck by turning state's evidence. It could not be larged whether or not Bradshaw in fail at Elkton, Md., since that date for next one whereby he can escape with his neck by turning state's evidence. It could not be learned whether or not Bradshaw will be taken to Leonardtown to be identi-fied, but it is probable, however, that he will. The arrest of Bradshaw has caused considerable excitement in King Georgu and St. Mary's countles.

Concert at the President's Grounds.
The Marine band, Prof. Ino. Parhip Souras,
conductor, will render the following programme (his advenced at the President's
grounds at 100 o'clock; National airs of the
principal contries; Traumerie and Romanco,
schemann Swedish Wedding March Sederman;
Valse "Kirs." Strauss; Collegation "Gloconda,
Poochielli, Mosaic "A Musical Boquet, "Gissher; Selection, "Falka" (by request), Chavsaighte.

Leveling Up the Claims.

A dividend has been declared by the comp-troller of the currency in favor of the creditors of the City National Bank of Lawrenceburg. Ind. This bank went into voluntary liquida-tion in 1882, and the present divident amount-ing to \$21,300, is to equalise and levelup the payments to 75 per cent. of the claims as they existed at the date of involvency.

Col. John Tyler's Appointment. Secretary Lamar has appointed John Tylor, n of it e late President Tyler, as chief of the tyste land claim division of the general land No Accident to President Cleveland.

I nose ser House, Sept. 10.—There is no truth the report put in circulation to-day of an

"Look to the Schate"-and the "Schatorial,"